

1. Varieties of Surface Roughness Indicators

Definitions and presentations of arithmetic average roughness(Ra), maximum height(Ry), 10 spot average roughness(Rz), average concave to convex distance(Sm), average distance between local peaks S and load length rate tp are given as parameters indicating the surface roughness of an industrial product. Surface roughness is the arithmetical average of values at randomly extracted spots on the surface of an object. [Centerline average roughness(Ra7s)is defined in the supplements to JIS B 0031 and JIS B 0601.]

Typical calculations of surface roughness

<p>Arithmetic Average Roughness Ra</p> <p>A portion stretching over a reference length in the direction in which the average line extends is cut out from the roughness curve. This portion is presented in a new graph with the X axis extending in the same direction as the average line and the Y axis representing the magnitude. Ra is represented by the equation shown at right, in microns(μm).</p>	
<p>Maximum Height Ry</p> <p>A portion stretching over a reference length in the direction in which the average line extends is cut out from the roughness curve. The gap between the peak line and the trough line is measured in the direction in which the magnitude axis extends, in microns(μm).</p> <p>Reference A portion without an abnormally high peak or abnormally low trough, which may be regarded as a flaw, is cut out over the reference length.</p>	
<p>Ten-spot Average Roughness Rz</p> <p>A portion stretching over a reference length in the direction in which the average line extends is cut out from the roughness curve. The average of the levels(Yp)of the highest peak to the fifth highest peak as measured from the average line and the average of the levels(Yv)of the lowest trough to the fifth lowest trough similarly measured in the said portion are added together. Rz is this sum, in microns(μm).</p>	

Reference Relation between Arithmetic Average Roughness(Ra)and Conventional Parameters

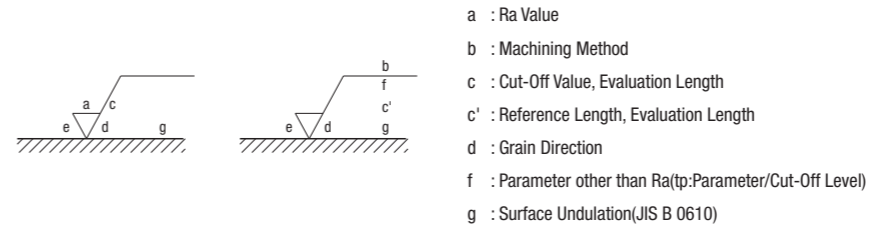
Arithmetic Average Roughness Ra		Graphical Representation of Surface Texture	Maximum Height Ry	Ten-spot Average Roughness Rz	Reference Length of Ry(Rz) l(mm)	Conventional Finish Symbol
Standard Series	Cut-off Value c(mm)		Standard Series	Standard Series		
0.012 a	0.08	0.012/ ~ 0.2/	0.05 s	0.05 z	0.08	
0.025 a			0.1 s	0.1 z		
0.05 a			0.2 s	0.2 z		
0.1 a			0.4 s	0.4 z		
0.2 a	0.8	0.4/ ~ 1.6/	0.8 s	0.8 z	0.8	
0.4 a			1.6 s	1.6 z		
0.8 a			3.2 s	3.2 z		
1.6 a	2.5	3.2/ ~ 6.3/	6.3 s	6.3 z	2.5	
3.2 a			12.5 s	12.5 z		
6.3 a	8	12.5/ ~ 25/	25 s	25 z	8	
12.5 a			50 s	50 z		
25 a	-	50/ ~ 100/	100 s	100 z	-	
50 a			200 s	200 z		
100 a	-	-	400 s	400 z	-	

*Interrelations among the three types shown here are not precise, and are presented for convenience only.
*Ra:The evaluation values of Ry and Rz are the cut-off value and the reference length each multiplied by five, respectively.

1. Positions of Auxiliary Symbols for Surface Symbol

A surface roughness value, cut-off value or reference length, machining method, grain direction, surface undulation, etc. are indicated around the surface symbol as shown in Fig. 1 below.

Fig. 1 Positions of Auxiliary Symbols



- a : Ra Value
- b : Machining Method
- c : Cut-Off Value, Evaluation Length
- c' : Reference Length, Evaluation Length
- d : Grain Direction
- f : Parameter other than Ra(tp:Parameter/Cut-Off Level)
- g : Surface Undulation(JIS B 0610)

Reference These symbols except a and f are provided when they are needed.

Reference Under ISO 1302, a finish range should be indicated as e in Fig. 1.

Code	Meaning	Illustration
=	The trace left by a cutting instrument is parallel to the projection plane in the drawing. Ex. Shaped Surface	
⊥	The trace left by a cutting instrument is perpendicular to the projection plane in the drawing. Ex. Shaped Surface(Side View) Circular Cut, Cylindrical Cut	
X	The pattern left by a cutting instrument diagonally crosses the projection plane in the drawing. Ex. Honed Surface	
M	The pattern left by a cutting instrument crosses in various directions or has no grain direction. Ex. Lapped Surface, Superfinished Surface and Surface Finished with a Front Mill or End Mill	
C	The pattern left by a cutting instrument is virtually concentric around the center of the plane in the drawing. Ex. Faced Surface	
R	The pattern left by a cutting instrument is virtually radial around the center of the plane in the drawing.	

Examples of Graphical Representation of Surface Texture

